

# **ST BONAVENTURE UNIVERSITY**

**Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations**



**2022 Biennial Review Report**

# **Drug-Free School and Communities Act: Biennial Review 2022**

- 2** Introduction to St. Bonaventure University
- 3** Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations
  - Annual Policy Notification Process
  - Biennial Review Process
  - Alcohol and Other Drug (AOD) Program Goals
- 4** Prevention and Education Programs
- 6** Summary of Prevention & Education Program Effectiveness and Areas for Improvement
- 7** Campus Alcohol and Other Drug Use Data
- 12** Prevention Program Revision Recommendations
- 13** *Appendix A - University Alcohol Policies*
- 16** *Appendix B - Drug Policy and Drug-Free Workplace & Campus Community Policy*
- 18** *Appendix C - Other Possible University Sanctions for Alcohol and Other Drug*
- 20** *Appendix D - Employee Specific Policies and Sanctions*
- 21** *Appendix E - Smoke-Free Policy*
- 22** *Appendix F - Facts About Alcohol and Drugs*
- 24** *Appendix G - Alcohol and Other Drug (AOD) Resources/Services*
  - Local Substance Abuse Treatment Centers
  - Local Self-Help Organizations
  - Telephone Hotlines
  - Prevention, Intervention, Recovery and Wellness Websites
- 26** *Appendix H - NYS and Federal Laws and Penalties Relating to Alcohol and Controlled Substances*

*An overview of local and University programs, laws, policies, procedures, and resources dedicated to prevention and intervention of alcohol and other drug abuse.*

# INTRODUCTION TO ST. BONAVENTURE UNIVERSITY

## St. Bonaventure University's Mission

St. Bonaventure is a Catholic university dedicated to educational excellence as informed by our Franciscan and liberal arts traditions. In the words of our patron, we believe that there should be “no knowledge without love,” and thus seek to transform the lives of our students, inspiring in them a lifelong commitment to service and citizenship.

St. Bonaventure embraces students, faculty and staff of all faiths and cultures and strives to bring out the best in every individual through meaningful relationships. As an academic and spiritual community, we endeavor to prepare our students for the challenges they will face in their professional careers and personal lives.

## Our Values

Our Franciscan **COMMUNITY** affirms the unique dignity of everyone, each person reflecting the goodness of God, and invites all of our sisters and brothers to forge bonds of mutual acceptance and understanding that create a true sense of belonging.

We are a **COMMUNITY**...

- Nurturing **COMPASSION**.
- Seeking **WISDOM**.
- Building **INTEGRITY**.

**COMPASSION:** We are convinced that all of creation is God’s gift, an awareness that calls forth a sense of solidarity with everyone and everything. As images of God, we strive to share God’s unconditional love, particularly with those on the margins of society — the needy, the ignored, and the excluded.

**WISDOM:** We are convinced that education must be transformative of the whole person, concerned not only with the intellect, but also with the will, the heart, and the body. Education must be eminently practical, not just about learning concepts and skills, but discerning how to truly live humanly, deeply, and well in the world.

**INTEGRITY:** We are convinced that each of us must accept responsibility for our actions and that our relationships should be based on respect for the dignity of others, honesty, and transparency, realizing that the values we espouse mean little unless they are embodied in our personal and professional lives.

## DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS AND CAMPUSES REGULATIONS

This report is made in compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Campuses Regulations, Part 86 of the Education Department General Administration Regulations (EDGAR). Part 86, the Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations requires that all U.S. institutions of higher education adopt and implement programs to prevent the unlawful possession, use and distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees and to demonstrate the existence and implementation of an alcohol and other drugs (AOD) prevention program. As a part of this requirement, St. Bonaventure University is providing this document to educate students and employees in the area of substance abuse, and to illustrate the University's current substance abuse prevention programs and policies. The AOD program is reviewed on a biennial basis to assess its effectiveness on campus and ensure the program's compliance with federal regulations.

### **Annual Policy Notification Process**

St. Bonaventure University's policies support the University values by providing structure for a comfortable and safe atmosphere conducive to academic excellence. All new students are informed of these policies during new student orientation. Information discussed in these sessions are reiterated to new and returning students through the Student Code of Conduct. Policies, judicial procedures and sanctions related to alcohol and other drug violations are detailed in the Student Code of Conduct, which is available online at [Student Conduct | St. Bonaventure University \(sbu.edu\)](#). University alcohol and other drug policies are included in the Appendices. As a requirement of the Drug-Free and Campuses Act regulations (EDGAR Part 86), St. Bonaventure University is required to disseminate drug and alcohol policies and information to all students and employees on an annual basis. The purpose of the annual notification is to provide the campus community with:

1. Standards of conduct that clearly prohibit, at a minimum, the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees
2. A list of applicable legal sanctions under federal, state, or local laws for the unlawful possession or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol
3. A description of the health risks associated with the abuse of alcohol or use of illicit drugs
4. A list of drug and alcohol programs (counseling, treatment, rehabilitation, and reentry) that are available to students and employees
5. A clear statement that St. Bonaventure University will impose disciplinary sanctions for violations of these standards of conduct and a description of those sanctions, up to an including expulsion or termination of employment and referral for prosecution

This information is shared annually as a companion piece to the Annual Security Report distribution and can be found on-line @ [Safety & Security | St. Bonaventure University \(sbu.edu\)](#).

### **Biennial Review Process**

The biennial review provides an opportunity for the university to assess the effectiveness of and implementation of any needed changes to the Alcohol and Other Drug (AOD) Prevention Program. The University demonstrates this commitment through meeting the legal requirements of conducting a biennial review and summarizing the various activities and programs as they relate to drug and alcohol prevention during the 2020-2021 and 2021-2022 academic years. Some 2019 data is included for pre-pandemic comparison. This Biennial Review includes:

- Evaluation of the effectiveness of AOD policies and programs
- Review of the consistency of sanction enforcement
- Recommendations for program and policy changes, as needed

The biennial review and report are done in compliance with the Code of Federal Regulations, 34 CFR Part 86, or The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act.

### **Alcohol and Other Drug (AOD) Prevention Program Goals**

St. Bonaventure University recognizes substance abuse as a danger to personal health and safety. The University is committed to ensuring that its students, staff, and faculty are aware of the dangers of abuse of alcohol and other drugs, providing appropriate information and resources to address such abuse, and are ensuring appropriate enforcement for alcohol and other drug policies and regulations. In an effort to promote a drug-free workplace and a drug-free campus community, the University urges its students/employees who experience drug-related problems to seek assistance through counseling given in drug and alcohol programs. These programs provide information about treatment and support group services for individuals who seek help.

The University AOD Program utilizes various strategies to address abuse among its students, staff, and faculty as it seeks to achieve the following goals:

- Promote alcohol and other drug prevention education initiatives that contribute to student/employee success
- Ensure effective communication and consistent coordination of campus alcohol and drug programs
- Provide student activities that offer safe and alcohol-free alternatives
- Maintain up to date assessment of attitudes and perceptions about drug and alcohol use/abuse

## **PREVENTION AND EDUCATION PROGRAMS**

### **Online Prevention Education**

St. Bonaventure University contracts with EverFi, creator of AlcoholEDU for College and other online courses focused on health, wellness, culture change and other issues specific to colleges and universities. AlcoholEDU for College is a 2.5-hour curriculum designed for first year students. It's designed for non-drinkers, light to moderate drinkers, and frequent heavy drinkers and offers students a personalized experience based on their drinking choices and readiness to change. The University also utilized AlcoholEDU Ongoing, a program designed for returning students, and AlcoholEDU for Sanctions which can be assigned when a student is found responsible for a violation of the alcohol policy.

### **First Year Experience Mandatory Programming**

Each year, as part of Welcome Days programming, freshmen are required to attend a presentation that specifically addresses issues surrounding alcohol and other drug abuse among college-age students.

### **Assessment and Substance Abuse Counseling**

Assessment and substance abuse counseling is primarily provided as an educational sanction for St. Bonaventure students who have violated the University's alcohol and/or drug policies. As part of the judicial process, students in repeat violation of institutional policies, or other students who may be considered at risk, are referred to counselors in the Center for Student Wellness for assessment by the Vice President for Student Affairs, the Associate Dean for Student Life or their designee, or by Judicial Boards. Additionally, evaluation from a counselor in the Center for Student Wellness is generally required of any student needing medical attention as a result of over-consumption of alcohol or other drugs. All students and employees of the University are welcome to voluntarily utilize these programs, or speak to a counselor about referring another person. Referrals to outside agencies and local substance abuse treatment centers are also available.

### **CCAPS-Screen**

This is a mental health screening instrument for students that assesses the most common psychological problems experienced by college students. The CCAPS-Screen is a 36-item instrument with eight subscales as well as a critical item related to the report of Suicidal Ideation (SI) within the last two weeks. Subscales include: depression, generalized anxiety, social anxiety, academic distress, eating concerns, frustration, family distress and alcohol use. CCAPS screening was completed on all DI athletic teams in fall 2021 and 2022. The screenings allow the Counseling staff to identify those potentially most in need of counseling services and provided follow-up for needed referrals to all student-athletes.

### **Residence Life Programming**

The Residence Life Office works to provide educational programming on a wide range of topics, including drug and alcohol awareness. This programming has focused on education around alcohol and other drugs, risk reduction strategies, bystander intervention and other related topics. Education also occurs through passive programming in the form of themed bulletin boards in residences halls, which may highlight safety tips and campus resources. Whether it is active or passive in nature, the goal is to provide direct education on a topic so that students are better equipped to make healthy decisions.

### **Center for Activities, Recreation and Leadership (CARL) Programming**

The Center for Activities, Recreation and Leadership (CARL) and the Campus Activities Board (CAB) consistently provides alcohol-free late-night programming. Programs and events seek to encourage student wellness, while engaging students in positive, safe and healthy behaviors. CAB books award-winning artists, comedians and bands for campus appearances. It also organizes and hosts on- and off-campus events for students, such as open mic nights to showcase campus talent. More than 80 percent of our students participate in intramurals, club sports and fitness programs through the Sandra A. and William L. Richter Center, our modern and well-equipped fitness and recreation facility.

### **Student Clubs and Organizations**

St. Bonaventure University supports over 80 student-led clubs and organizations. Many of these organizations provide late-night and weekend alcohol free events and social opportunities throughout the year.

### **Student Health Services**

Campus community members who may have questions about alcohol and drug use can consult with one of the staff members at the Center for Student Wellbeing. The Health Center is staffed with board certified physician who is assisted by a registered nurse and LPN.

### **Mental Health First Aid (MHFA)**

MHFA is an internationally recognized, evidence-based training through the National Council on Behavioral Health that highlights the signs and symptoms of various mental illnesses. Through this 8-hour training, participants learn how to recognize concerning behavior, how to safely approach someone, and connect them to appropriate professional support. Included in this curriculum is a section on substance use. An initiative to train staff was started in 2019, but was delayed due to the pandemic.

### **Bystander Intervention**

Bystander Intervention is a program to raise awareness of helping behaviors, increase motivation to help peers in need, learn strategies and develop skills and confidence when responding to problems or concerns. Students intervening adds to the development of culture of care for the safety and well-being of self and others. All first-year students are required to attend bystander training during Welcome Days.

### **Residential Life Staff Training**

As part of their annual fall training, all Resident Assistant (RAs) attend workshops where an overview is given of the alcohol and drug policy, as well as proper protocol for documentation is discussed. Within their roles, Resident Assistants are

expected to document situations that potentially involved alcohol and/or other drugs, and are required to submit a Maxient report. This training seeks to educate RAs about our alcohol and drug policy and to increase the confidence of the Resident Advisors who may have to confront and document behavior.

Professional Residence Directors (RDs) are also trained around proper response and documentation protocols involving alcohol and/or other drugs. In addition, all RDs receive training from the Associate Dean for Student Life regarding their role in the conduct process. This training gives an overview of the University's prevention programs and policies and prepares staff for their role as hearing officers in conduct cases that occur in their residential buildings. Similar to the RA training, this training seeks to educate RDs about our drug and alcohol policy, and to increase the confidence of the RDs who may have to play a more active role in the confrontation of such behaviors.

## **SUMMARY OF PREVENTION & EDUCATION PROGRAM EFFECTIVENESS AND AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT**

### **Strengths/Effectiveness**

- Robust weeknight and weekend alcohol-free programming/events options offered across campus sponsored by a wide range of divisions and departments.
- Collaboration and communication across departments remain a major strength in developing a comprehensive substance use prevention campus initiative.
- The utilization of AlcoholEDU for College for the third time has significantly aided our understanding of alcohol on-campus, especially in the areas of behavioral intentions and norms, as well as drinking motivation of our students. Ongoing use of this program will assist us with gathering information and examining trends over time.
- For the past 2-3 years CARL has maintained a strong budget for programming and facility upkeep.
- The Student Code of Conduct is updated annually and all hearing officers receive yearly training about how to handle case management and sanctioning related to drug and alcohol violations.
- Implementation of the CCAPS screening for athletes has proven to be an effective tool in early intervention for student athletes.

### **Areas of Improvement**

- There is a need to expand data collection and assessment for tobacco and other drug usage rates for students. Consideration should be given to utilization of the National College Health Assessment to aid in a better understanding of alcohol and other drug issues on campus.
- Education should be more diversified to include tobacco and other drugs. Most of our education has focused on alcohol.
- Health and well-being resources should be expanded on and highlighted more in orientation programs.

## CAMPUS ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUG USE DATA

### Number of Alcohol and Other Drug Violations Resulting in Arrests/ Disciplinary Action (CLERY)

Arrests	Calendar Year	# of Violations
Drug Violations	2020	3
	2021	2
Alcohol Violations	2020	0
	2021	0

Disciplinary Action	Calendar Year	# of Violations
Drug Violations	2020	147
	2021	77
Alcohol Violations	2020	288
	2021	231

### Student Conduct Violations

St. Bonaventure University utilizes an online-based conduct management system called Maxient, maintained by the Associate Dean for Campus Safety. Data regarding conduct violations in Maxient is collected in conjunction with staff across the campus – Residence Life, Student Life and Safety & Security staff. Through Maxient, the Vice President for Student Affairs, the Associate Dean for Campus Safety and the Associate Dean for Student Life are able to run queries based on type of violation, location, date and time, etc.

All judicial officers have access to and work within Maxient, may consult on cases, and attend weekly judicial review meetings to ensure communication and consistency through the entire conduct process.

The table below reflects the frequency of sanctions given to students, regardless of their initial violation. This is helpful in understanding which types of sanctions are issued most frequently. Students found in violation could be given more than one sanction or no sanctions at all. For specific alcohol and drug violations, hearing officers utilize the typical sanction guidelines outlined the policies contained in the Appendix A, B and C. The complete Student Code of Conduct can be found at [Student Conduct | St. Bonaventure University \(sbu.edu\)](https://www.sbu.edu/student-conduct).

<b>Alcohol Violations (Clery and Non-Clery) Sanctions- Number of times used</b>		
<u>Sanction</u>	<b>08.01.20 to 07.31.21</b>	<b>08.01.21 to 07.31.22</b>
Disciplinary Fine	203	102
Written Disciplinary Warning	177	96
AlcoholEDU for Sanctions	124	70
Residence Hall Probation	57	19
Required Counseling Community	17	1
Disciplinary Probation	11	1
Community Service	5	17
Deferred Suspension	3	1



<b>Drug Violations (Clery and Non-Clery) Sanctions- Number of times used</b>		
<b>Sanction</b>	<b>08.01.20 to 07.31.21</b>	<b>08.01.21 to 07.31.22</b>
Disciplinary Fine	94	45
Written Disciplinary Warning	45	16
Residence Hall Probation	27	10
AlcoholEDU for Sanctions	15	9
Restriction from Room Selection	15	0
Required Counseling	13	1
Disciplinary Probation	8	1
Community Service	7	7
Fire Safety Video	7	12
Deferred Suspension	3	3
Loss of Campus Residency	1	3

**AlcoholEDU Impact Report Data (2019-2021)**

**Course Description**

AlcoholEDU is developed by prevention education and compliance experts, uses relatable scenarios and interactive elements to provide students with alcohol information, strategies for healthy behavior, and skills to support bystander intervention. St. Bonaventure University began using Everfi AlcoholEDU in the fall of 2019. Longitudinal data covers academic years 2019-2020, 2020-2021 and 2021-2022. Three years of data is being included in this review due to possible data anomalies caused by the pandemic. The 2019 data was collected pre-pandemic.

Annual Impact Reports provide data insights spanning the reach of the program, positive training outcomes, comparative benchmarks, and focus areas for continued engagement.

**Course/Learner Impact**

AlcoholEDU is designed to equip students with knowledge and skills to support healthier decisions related to alcohol.

**Percentage of SBU students who agree AlcoholEDU...**

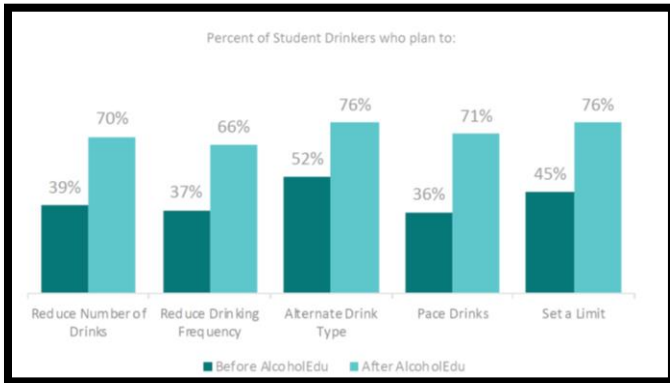
<b>Knowledge/Skill</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2021</b>
Helped them establish a plan ahead of time to make responsible decisions about drinking	93%	93%	99%
Prepared them to help someone who may have alcohol poisoning	93%	89%	99%
Prepared them to prevent an alcohol overdose	91%	88%	98%

## Behavioral Intentions & Norms

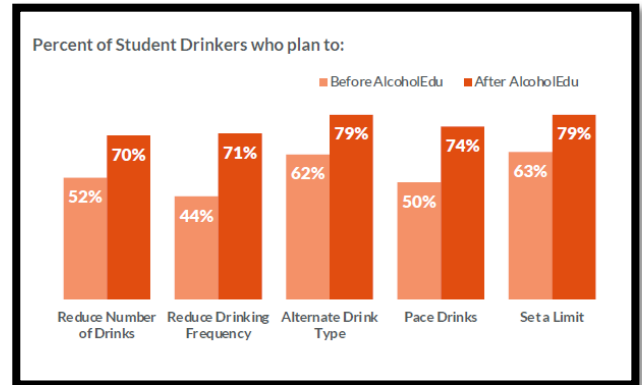
Intention is a key variable in predicting behavior change. Change is driven, in part, by an individual’s perception of the social environment surrounding behavior – the community norms. Nationally, a growing number of students arriving on college campuses choose to regularly abstain from alcohol use. At St. Bonaventure, 29%/39%/37% of students surveyed are abstainers and 33%/23%/27% are nondrinkers for the 2019, 2020 and 2021 reporting period. Many perceive, though, that their peers are drinking more than they are, and may feel alienated by that perception.

Among students at St. Bonaventure University who took AlcoholEDU, a substantial number of students, after prevention education, report that they intend to limit their drinking frequency or the number of drinks they consume.

### 2019-2020 AY



### 2020-2021 AY

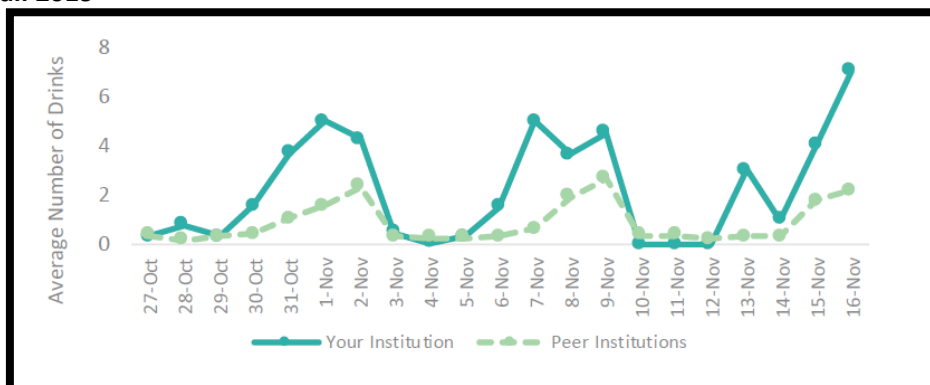


## Drinking Motivation

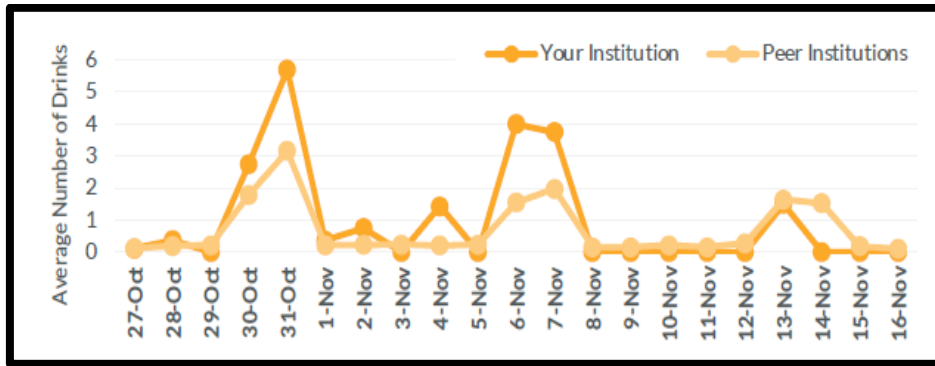
Over a 3-year span, the top reasons students choose to drink are "To have a good time with your friends" and "To celebrate". The charts below include detailed information about when and why St. Bonaventure University students drink and top risk behaviors, by identity reported. This data guides our prevention programming for maximum impact.

### When Students Drink (2019, 2020, 2021)

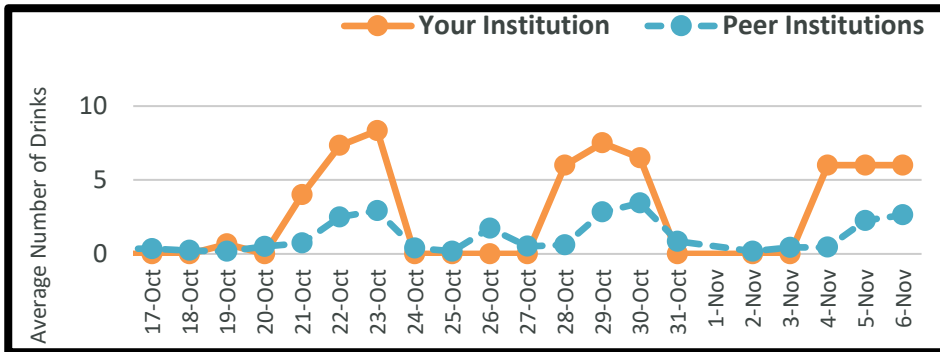
#### Fall 2019



**Fall 2020**

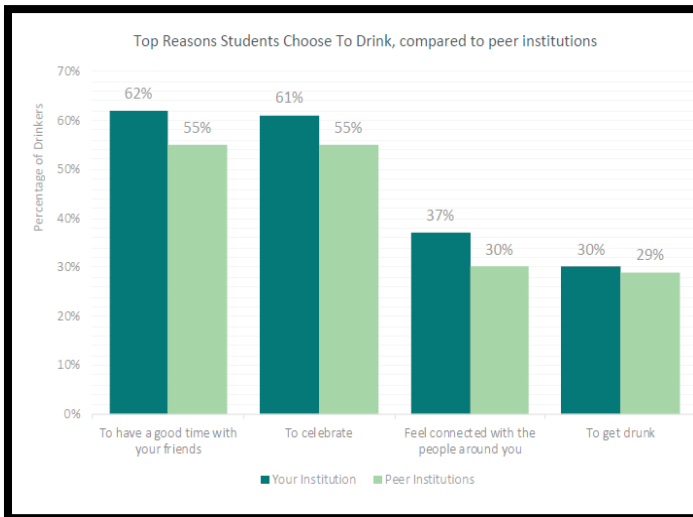


**Fall 2021**

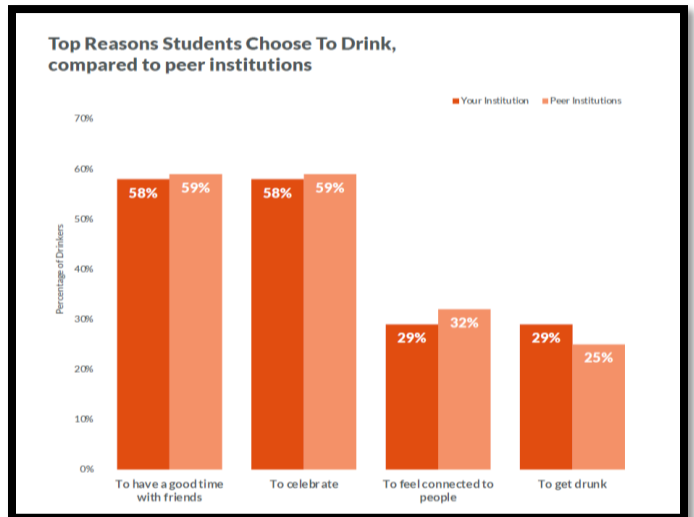


**Why Students Drink (2019,2020, 2021)**

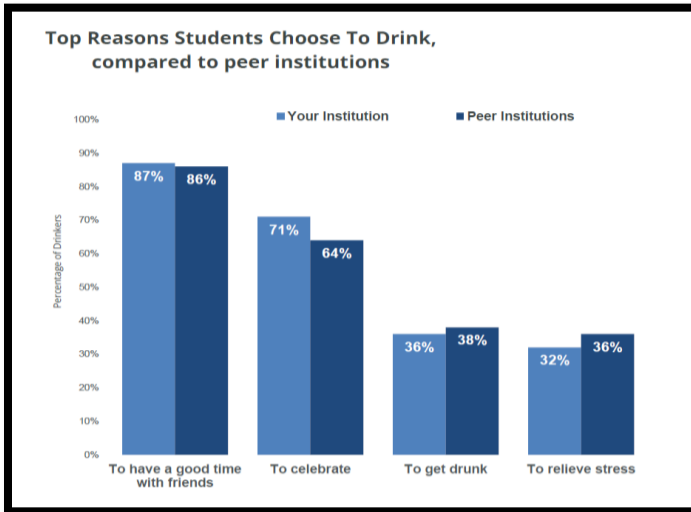
**Fall 2019**



**Fall 2020**



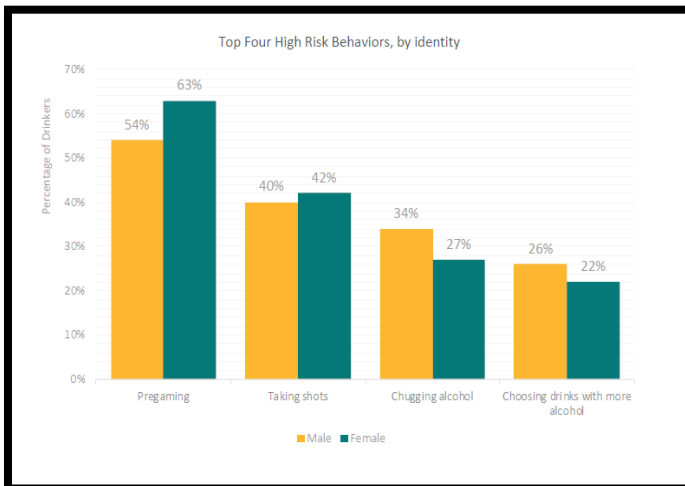
## Fall 2021



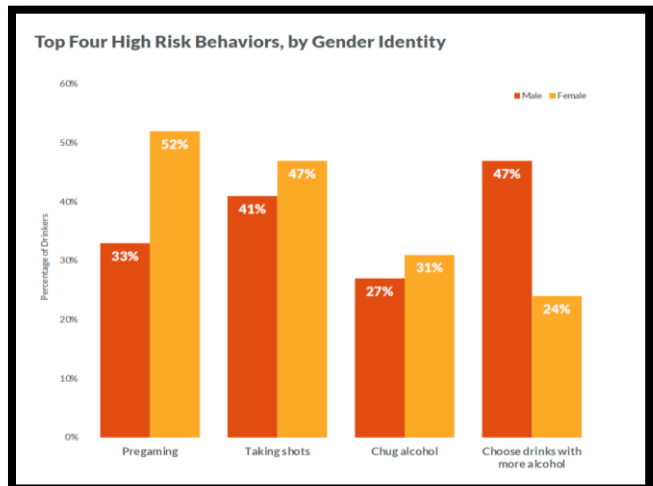
### High Risk Behaviors (2019, 2020, 2021)

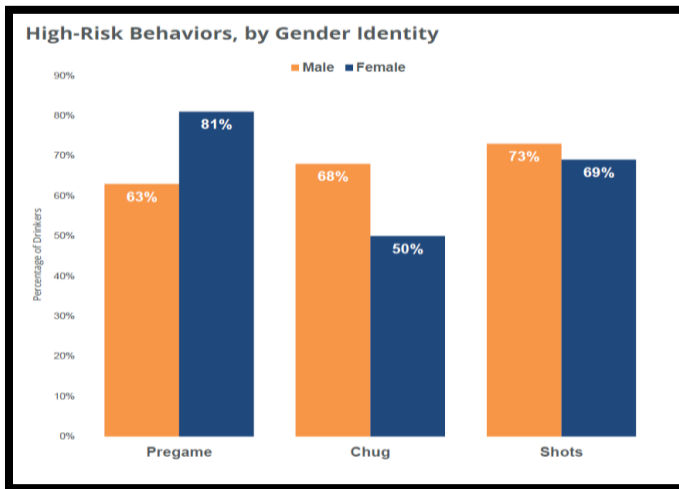
More than other high-risk behaviors, pregaming has been shown to have a predictive relationship with a variety of negative outcomes (EVERFI, 2012). As such, participation in pregaming can potentially be used to identify students who are more likely to be at risk for experiencing negative outcomes. At SBU, females consistently report higher pregaming risk behaviors over males.

## Fall 2019



## Fall 2020





### PREVENTION PROGRAM REVISION RECOMMENDATIONS

After review of the sanction statistics, prevention education data and current AOD programs and policies, the primary recommendations are as follows:

- Expand utilization of Maxient and Impact Reports to better identify problematic times and locations leading to alcohol violation and implementation of positive alternatives for activities during those high-risk times. (*Halloween, basketball games, spring weekend*)
- Expand the current Certified Peer Educator model currently used to address sexual violence prevention to address AOD prevention and education on campus.
- Expand Committee membership to include staff from Institutional Research to assist in stronger, more in-depth data analysis to guide our prevention and education program strategies.
- Continue to utilize AlcoholEDU for primary prevention education.
- Explore expanding prevention training to drug prevention education. (*delayed due to pandemic*)
- Continue to provide programs that focus on alcohol abuse while enhancing efforts to address marijuana and prescription drug abuse. (*alone and in combination with alcohol or other drugs*)
- Explore and develop programs to address the increase in vaping and dabbing.
- Review sanctions related to vaping and smoking in residence halls related to tampering with fire safety equipment (*include educational sanctions*).
- Increase promotion of substance-free housing option for students.
- Expand the AOD Committee to student membership through involvement fairs, residence life staff, and open meetings.
- Off campus parties and their ramifications continue to remain a concern of the University. The AOD Committee will work towards utilizing internal and external collaborative partners to further refine this issue and develop effective educational programs, directed at off-campus students.

Based on the biennial review, the Committee confirmed that St. Bonaventure University has established an effective AOD program, but there are areas for increased targeted efforts. All educational programs and initiatives are continuously evaluated and modified to address the needs of students and employees. The AOD Committee will continue to focus on strengthening preventative programming in order to reduce violations and to decrease the overall number of AOD related incidents, while engaging student, faculty and staff.

## Appendix A

### **St. Bonaventure University Alcohol Policies**

*(Appendix C of the Student Code of Conduct)*

St. Bonaventure University does not condone the underage use of alcoholic beverages, and promotes responsible behavior in those persons of legal drinking age that choose to consume. Therefore, underage possession and consumption of alcoholic beverages is not permitted on this campus. Persons twenty-one (21) years of age or older are permitted to possess and consume alcohol, provided they do so within the specified guidelines outlined below. In cases of substance abuse or misuse, individuals may be advised, and in some cases mandated, to attend University-sponsored educational programs and/or formal counseling programs. Within the definitions below, “residential facilities” applies to all singles, doubles, triples, suites, quads and apartments.

**Possession of Alcoholic Beverages** – Alcoholic beverages and beverage containers (glass or can, empty, full or partially full) are prohibited in residential facilities where any or all occupants of the room are under 21 years of age. Persons under 21 years of age are not permitted to be in the presence of alcoholic beverages, or beverage containers. When alcoholic beverages are permitted, the limit is not to exceed one unit per person of legal drinking age assigned to the room/apartment. One unit is defined as twelve 12-oz bottles/cans of beer or malted beverage (or equivalent), or two 750 ml bottles of wine, or one 750ml bottle of liquor.

**Consumption of Alcoholic Beverages** – Consumption of alcoholic beverages is strictly prohibited if a student is under the age of 21. Persons 21 years of age or older who choose to consume alcohol may do so only in the presence of other persons 21 years of age or older, and must remain in control of their behavior. They will be responsible for their actions and must respect the rights of others.

**Displays** - Displaying any alcohol beverage containers, signs, lights, or other alcohol related materials in any window/common space is prohibited by students less than 21 years old. This includes displays in any residential spaces where 1 or more occupant is less than 21 years old.

**Drunk and Disorderly Conduct** – any disruptive behavior exhibited while under the influence of alcohol or other drugs is prohibited.

**Events with Alcohol** - Alcoholic beverages may not be served at any student event without specific approval of the Vice President for Student Affairs, Associate Dean for Student Life or their designee, through the alcohol event form. The University food service vendor must provide the alcohol. All food and beverage requirements are outlined in the SBU Club and Organization Manual located on my.sbu.edu. No privately obtained alcoholic beverages may be brought into an organized event. Any organization or group that fails to comply with these regulations may lose its privilege of serving alcoholic beverages at events and/or the right to schedule facility use at St. Bonaventure University. No club or organization may sponsor events off campus where alcohol is served without authorization from the Vice President for Student Affairs, Associate Dean for Student Life or their designee.

**Giving/Selling Alcohol to Persons Under the Age of 21** – Giving/Selling Alcohol to Persons Under the Age of 21, including but not limited to buying alcohol for, or otherwise supplying alcohol to, a person(s) under the age of 21, is prohibited.

**Open Container** – The unauthorized possession of an open container of alcohol in University public areas, including but not limited to hallways, lounges, bathrooms, and outdoor spaces, is prohibited. This

applies to all students (including those who are 21 years of age or older), and is defined as any open bottle, can, mug, cup, etc., used to contain or transport alcohol.

**Operation of a Motor Vehicle** - The operation of a motor vehicle on campus while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance is prohibited.

**Participation in Drinking Games, etc.** – The University prohibits any game or contest used for the purpose of encouraging the rapid consumption of alcohol. In addition, no one shall be pressured or coerced to drink alcohol.

**Possession of a Device Used for Rapid Consumption of Alcohol** – The University prohibits funnels, and any other device that can be used for the rapid consumption of alcohol.

**Possession of a Keg/Beer Ball** – Kegs, beer balls, or other common source containers are not permitted in any residential facility.

**Public Intoxication** – Exhibiting characteristics of intoxication in public areas including but not limited to lounges, hallways, bathrooms, etc., is prohibited

**Restriction from University Events** - The University reserves the right to prevent any visibly intoxicated person from entering any university sponsored on or off campus activity or event and to require persons who appear visibly intoxicated to leave the event/activity.

**Tailgating** - To ensure the University is able to provide a safe, healthy, and welcoming environment for all fans and athletes, alcoholic beverages are prohibited at all on campus athletic and club sports venues, parking lots, and the designated tailgate area. **The complete University Food and Beverage Policy can be found on my.sbu.edu.** Following university approval, alcoholic beverages in outdoor or public areas must be provided by the university food service vendor.

**Unauthorized Presence/Participation of Anyone Under 21 at a University Function Where Alcohol is Being Served is prohibited**

False Identification, etc. – The University prohibits the possession of altered or falsified forms of identification by students, as well as any other form of misrepresenting one’s age for the purpose of buying or otherwise obtaining alcohol, cigarettes, etc. Fake ID’s will be destroyed.

**Other Restrictions and Requirements –**

1. Public parties and formals are prohibited. No public advertising is permitted.
2. Charging money for alcohol is against New York State Law, and strictly prohibited.
3. Food and alternative, non-alcoholic beverages must be available wherever alcohol is being served.
4. Outdoor parties are prohibited, as alcohol is prohibited in outdoor areas. Beer distributors are not permitted on campus with the exception of those contracted through Aramark for events.

Neither the University nor the police are in a position to ensure that students will not be harmed through alcohol abuse by themselves or others. Those who use alcohol are fully and individually responsible for their own actions, including the personal and legal consequences associated with illegal use, possession, or distribution of alcohol. Being under the influence of alcohol will not be a defense in any campus disciplinary or administrative proceeding.

## Typical Sanctions for Violation of University Alcohol Policies

Sanctions are **ALWAYS** the discretion of the judicial officer conducting the hearing, and several factors are taken into account. The following is a general guideline for what students could expect when found in violation of the University Alcohol Policy. However, this should not be considered policy, as each incident is handled on an individual basis. Sanctions could be less or more severe, depending on the situation and circumstances, and the full range of sanctions is available in any case. Additional sanctions may also apply based on accompanying violations of other University policies.

### 1<sup>st</sup> Violation:

- Up to \$50 disciplinary fine possible
- Educational program evaluating behaviors relating to alcohol (example: AlcoholEDU for Sanctions)

### 2<sup>nd</sup> Violation:

- \$100 fine or comparable community service, and
- Parental Notification, and
- Educational program evaluating behaviors relating to alcohol and/or meeting with counselor from the Center for Student Wellness

### 3<sup>rd</sup> Violation:

- \$200 fine or comparable community service, and
- Parental Notification, and
- Educational program evaluating behaviors relating to alcohol, and meeting with counselor from the Center for Student Wellness, and
- Participation in a University sponsored activity or reflection paper, and
- Residence Hall Probation and/or restriction from Apartment Selection or other aspects of the room selection process

### 4<sup>th</sup> + Violations:

These situations are very rare, and are handled more on a situation to situation basis. They typically result in student restriction from living on campus, significant fines (minimum \$400), other attendant restrictions, and/or suspension or expulsion from the University for repetitive violations.



## Appendix B

### St. Bonaventure University Drug Policy and Drug-Free Workplace & Campus Community Policy

*(Appendix G of the Student Code of Conduct)*

#### **Drug-Free Workplace and Campus Community Policy**

St. Bonaventure University recognizes substance abuse in the workplace as a danger to personal health and safety. In addition, the unlawful use of controlled substances by employees in the workplace is inconsistent with the University's educational mission. As such, it is the policy of the University that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of controlled substances in the workplace is prohibited. In an effort to promote a drug-free workplace and a drug-free campus community, the University urges its students/employees who experience drug-related problems to seek assistance through counseling given in drug and alcohol programs. These programs provide information about treatment and support group services for individuals who seek help. Students/employees who are experiencing performance problems in the workplace may be required to undergo treatment for substance abuse, or be subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. Those individuals who do undergo treatment for substance abuse will be expected to follow the prescribed aftercare program. Those convicted of violating a criminal drug statute while in the workplace will face dismissal from University service.

#### Policies Regarding Possession, Use, and Distribution of Controlled Substances

St. Bonaventure University expects all students to abide by NYS and federal laws pertaining to possession, use and/or distribution of controlled and illicit substances. Although New York State has approved legislation to legalize marijuana, at the federal level marijuana is still classified as an illegal substance.

As St. Bonaventure University is a federal grant recipient and/or a federal contractor within the meaning of the Drug-Free Workplace Act, the University is required to take steps toward maintaining, and to certify to contracting and granting federal agencies that it maintains, a drug-free workplace. In addition, federal laws (including the Controlled Substances Act and the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act) prohibit marijuana at educational institutions and on the premises of other recipients of federal funds. In accordance with these laws, the University will not tolerate the unlawful possession and/or use of controlled substances on its premises. Students are prohibited from using, possessing, selling, purchasing, cultivating, processing, manufacturing or giving away marijuana/cannabis or its derivatives, in any form, on University owned or leased property. The possession and use of medical or recreational marijuana, even if lawful under New York State law, is also prohibited on University property.

For the definitions below, controlled or illicit substances include, but are not limited to, marijuana, mushrooms, edibles, dabs, cocaine, heroin, acid, etc. The following behaviors are strictly prohibited at St. Bonaventure University:

- **Possession of a Controlled Substance** – having on one's person, or knowingly being in the presence of, any controlled or illicit substances. Additionally, no one shall possess any prescription medication that is not specifically prescribed to him/her.
- **Use of a Controlled Substance** – taking or consuming a controlled or illicit substance. Methods of use include, but are not limited to, smoking, injecting, snorting, inhaling, ingesting, etc.
- **Distribution of a Controlled Substance** – providing controlled or illicit substances to others. This includes selling and/or giving a substance to someone else. Giving or selling to someone else medication prescribed to you is strictly prohibited. Additionally, aiding someone else in the distribution of controlled or illicit substances is strictly prohibited.
- **Possession of Drug Paraphernalia** – having on one's person and/or knowingly being in the presence of any device or materials utilized for the consumption and/or distribution of controlled or illicit

substances. These include, but are not limited to, oil pens, grinders, bowls, bongs, hookahs, scales, needles, Dab Rigs, etc.

### **Typical Sanctions for Violation of University Drug Policy**

Sanctions are **ALWAYS** the discretion of the judicial officer conducting the hearing, and several factors are taken into account. The following is a general guideline for what students could expect when found in violation of the University Drug Policy. However, this should not be considered policy, as each incident is handled on an individual basis. Sanctions could be less or more severe, depending on the situation and circumstances. Any instance where the University has reason to believe a student is distributing a controlled substance, sanctions would be far more severe, and likely to include suspension or expulsion.

#### **1<sup>st</sup> Violation:**

- \$100 fine
- Parental Notification
- Residence Hall Probation and/or restrictions for room selection
- Educational program evaluating behaviors relating to drugs

#### **2<sup>nd</sup> Violation:**

- Residence Hall Probation and/or restrictions for room selection process
- Community Service
- Mandatory Counseling
- \$200 Fine
- Deferred Loss of Campus Residency

#### **3<sup>rd</sup> Violation:**

- \$300 Fine
- Loss of Campus Residency
- Deferred University Suspension
- Prohibited in taking part in University events and activities

#### **4<sup>th</sup> Violation:**

- \$400 Fine
- University Suspension

## Appendix C

### **Other Possible University Sanctions for Alcohol and Other Drug Violations**

Sanctions for alcohol and other drug violations of the student code of conduct are determined on an individual basis. The incident, and the student's prior violations, will be taken into account.

The following disciplinary sanctions shall comprise the range of official actions which may be imposed for violations of regulations. One or more may be imposed in response to a given situation.

#### **A. Verbal/Written Disciplinary Warning**

Written Disciplinary Warning is an official verbal/written notice to a student that a particular action or type of behavior is in violation of stated regulations or policies, and, therefore, unacceptable. Continuation of similar behavior or future violations may be cause for more severe disciplinary action.

#### **B. Disciplinary Fines**

These monetary payments may be for punitive purposes or for purposes of restitution because of damage to persons or property; or misappropriation of property. Payments can be made to the Bursar's Office.

#### **C. Community Service**

An action that requires a student to give a specific number of hours of uncompensated service to some task recognized as valuable to the University community. The Administrative Hearing Officer will make the particular assignment of duties. The person under whose direction the work is done shall certify to the AHO when the work has been completed. Failure to complete the service within a specific period of time will result in additional disciplinary action. The Administrative Hearing Officer has the discretion to assign work in the community-at-large or on-campus service.

#### **D. Attendant Restrictions**

In conjunction with the sanctions above, students may be subject to one or more of the following attendant restrictions:

1. Loss of Good Disciplinary Standing: an action which excludes a student from representing the University in intercollegiate activities, or from holding any elected or appointed office in a University-recognized organization, or from being selected for certain committees or programs, or from membership in student organizations for a stated period of time.
2. Disciplinary Residence Hall Room Change: an action which requires a student to vacate his/her current room and relocate to another room because of disciplinary reasons.
3. Exclusion from University Buildings, Intramural Sports, Extracurricular and Residence Hall Activities: an action which excludes a student from University buildings, intramural sports, extracurricular activities and residence hall activities for a stated period of time.
4. Restrictions on Housing Lottery: an action which may exclude a student from participation in a particular housing lottery or affect his or her ranking within a particular lottery.
5. Judicial Hold on Records: A judicial hold may be placed on the academic records of any student who fails to comply with any requirements imposed following a violation of the Code of Student Conduct. A judicial hold may prevent, among other things, class registration, the release of transcripts, and the award of a diploma. Students who are suspended or expelled from the University are subject to a judicial hold to prevent class registration.
6. Educational Measures: An action that requires the student to complete an educational task as assigned by the AHO or the Associate Dean for Student Life. Failure to complete this assignment within a specific period of time will result in additional disciplinary action. Educational measures may include but are not limited to: participation in counseling on- or off-campus, attending content specific programming, completing on-line courses such as AlcoholEDU for Sanctions, writing reflection papers, etc.

#### **E. Disciplinary Probation**

Disciplinary probation is an official written notice to a student that violation of University regulations or policies, or patterns of behavior contrary to University standards or expectations, will not be tolerated. Repeated offenses or violations of any conditions of probation will result in more severe action, including possible suspension or expulsion from the University. Disciplinary Probation lasts for a stated period of time.

#### **F. Deferred Loss of Campus Residency**

A student may be placed on Deferred Loss of Campus Residency for serious misconduct or repetitious minor misconduct. A student on Deferred Loss of Campus Residency found to be responsible for further violations of University policy during the time period stipulated will be suspended from all University owned or leased housing and subject to further sanctions including University suspension.

#### **G. Loss of Campus Residency**

Loss of Campus Residency is an action which excludes a student from residence on campus. A student who loses campus residency may be considered for future on-campus accommodations at the discretion of the Vice President for Student Affairs.

#### **H. Deferred University Suspension**

A student may be placed on Deferred University Suspension for serious misconduct. A student on Deferred University Suspension who is found to be responsible for further violations of University policy during the time period stipulated will be suspended from the University and subject to further sanctions including dismissal.

#### **I. Suspension**

Suspension is an action which excludes a student from registration, class attendance, residence on campus, and use of University facilities for a specific period of time. Suspended students are not permitted on the campus without prior approval of the Vice President for Student Affairs. Suspension is recorded in a disciplinary file in the Office of the Vice President for Student Affairs. Upon termination of the period of suspension, the student shall be considered for readmission if:

1. the student is academically eligible for readmission; and
2. the student has complied with any conditions for readmission placed upon the student by the Vice President for Student Affairs and/or his designate, or stipulations outlined by a University Judicial Board.

#### **J. Expulsion**

Expulsion is an action which permanently excludes a student from registration, class attendance, residence on campus, and use of University facilities. Expelled students are not permitted on the campus for any reasons. Expelled students who enter the campus are subject to arrest. Disciplinary expulsion is recorded in a disciplinary file in the Office of the Vice President for Student Affairs.

**St. Bonaventure University reserves the right to notify parent(s) / legal guardian(s) about the disciplinary status of their son/daughter/ward to the extent consistent with the provisions of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.**

#### **Alcohol Related Medical Issues**

Alcohol consumption that results in students needing medical attention, either from MERT or Olean General Hospital, will be treated seriously by the University. However, a students' first alcohol-related medical issue **will not** be treated punitively. Students will be required to meet with a University administrator to discuss the behavior. Students will likely be required to attend counseling to explore their alcohol use and parents or legal guardians will be notified.

## *Appendix D*

### **Employee-Specific Policies and Sanctions**

Employee specific policies and sanctions can be found in the Staff Handbook and the Faculty Status and Welfare Handbook. St. Bonaventure University prohibits the unlawful manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, possession or use of any drugs or controlled substances or drug paraphernalia along with the unlawful service, distribution, sale, possession, consumption or other unlawful use of alcoholic beverages by its employees on its owned, operated or controlled property. Employees who violate this policy will be subject to appropriate disciplinary action, which may include counseling, mandatory participation in an appropriate rehabilitation program, a warning, placement on strict probation, unpaid suspension from employment, termination of employment and/or referral to the proper law enforcement authorities for prosecution.

St. Bonaventure University is required by the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 to take steps toward maintaining a drug-free workplace. Any employee engaged in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of controlled substances in the workplace will be subject to discipline, up to and including discharge. The University will weigh all relevant facts and circumstances in reaching a decision to discipline; the University retains the right to require that a covered employee who engages in prohibited conduct participate in, and successfully complete, a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program.

Employees experiencing substance abuse-related issues are encouraged to seek services. The University Employee Assistance Program (EAP) provides employees and their family members access to confidential personal support, across everything from stress management and nutrition to handling legal or financial issues. The services available include consultations with experienced professionals, as well as access to resources and discounts designed to help employee in a variety of different ways.

#### **WorkLifeMatters Employee Assistance Program**

1-800-386-7055

[EAP Work-Life Resources | Uprise Health](#)

## **Appendix E**

### **Smoke-Free Policy**

*(Appendix V of the Student Code of Conduct)*

In compliance with New York State law, and faithful to the core values of St. Bonaventure University, the following smoke-free regulations have been adopted, and apply to all legal smokable products, including but not limited to cigarettes, e-cigarettes, and “vaping”:

1. **Smoke-free Workplace:** St. Bonaventure University guarantees its employees and students a smoke-free workplace. Smoking is prohibited in **ALL** indoor areas of the University, including University vehicles and all residence facilities, as well as **ALL** outdoor areas of the University main campus (*east and west side*) property.
2. **Tobacco Products:** Sale of tobacco products is prohibited on campus.
3. **Posting of Signs:** “Smoke-Free” signs will be prominently displayed. Additionally, copies of this policy will be posted on the University Web site, employee handbooks and available to all employees and prospective employees upon request.
4. **Enforcement:** Complaints may be directed to the Associate Dean for Campus Safety, the University’s agent responsible for enforcing this policy, and/or the residence life staff for violations occurring in the residence halls. Failure to comply with this policy places both the smoker and the University at risk of substantial civil penalty.
  - a) Sanctions: Sanctions for students will be imposed as a result of a University judicial hearing.
  - b) Repeated violations of this policy may be cause for severe disciplinary action up to and including dismissal from employment (for employees) or expulsion (for students). These sanctions will be assessed through already existing University procedures.

**This prohibition applies to all University events and events held on University grounds or property, and applies to all members of the University community including faculty, staff, students, friends, volunteers, patients, customers, vendors, contractors, guests and visitors.**

NYS Smokers Quit Line - <https://www.nysmokefree.com/>

CDC Smoking & Tobacco Use (*Quit Smoking*) - [https://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/quit\\_smoking/index.htm?s\\_cid=osh-stu-home-nav-002](https://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/quit_smoking/index.htm?s_cid=osh-stu-home-nav-002)

## Facts About Alcohol and Drugs

### Alcohol

(<https://www.cdc.gov/alcohol/fact-sheets/alcohol-use.htm> )

Short-term health effects include:

- Injuries, such as motor vehicle crashes, falls, drownings, and burns
- Violence, including homicide, suicide, sexual assault, and intimate partner violence
- Alcohol poisoning, a medical emergency that results from high blood alcohol levels.
- Risky sexual behaviors, including unprotected sex or sex with multiple partners. These behaviors can result in unintended pregnancy or sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV.
- Miscarriage and stillbirth or fetal alcohol spectrum disorders (FASDs) among pregnant women.

Long-term health effects include:

- High blood pressure, heart disease, stroke, liver disease, and digestive problems.
- Cancer of the breast, mouth, throat, esophagus, liver, and colon.
- Weakening of the immune system, increasing the chances of getting sick.
- Learning and memory problems, including dementia and poor school performance.
- Mental health problems, including depression and anxiety.
- Social problems, including lost productivity, family problems, and unemployment.
- Alcohol use disorders, or alcohol dependence.

### Controlled Substances

The information about the health effects of controlled substances included below comes from the Federal Controlled Substances Act and the National Institute on Drug Abuse.

#### *Marijuana*

(<https://www.drugabuse.gov/drugs-abuse/marijuana>)

Short-term health effects include:

- Feeling “high”
- Altered senses
- Changes in mood
- Impaired body movement
- Difficulty with thinking/problem solving
- Impaired memory

Long-term health effects include:

- Affected brain development
- Reduced thinking, memory and learning functions

#### *Heroin*

(<https://www.drugabuse.gov/drugs-abuse/heroin>)

Short-term health effects:

- Euphoria
- Warm flushing of skin
- Dry mouth
- Heavy feeling in hands/feet

- Clouded thinking
- Itching, vomiting, nausea
- Slowed breathing/heart rate

Long-term health effects

- Collapsed veins
- Abscesses
- Infection of the lining of heart valves
- Constipation and stomach ramps
- Liver or kidney disease
- Issues with pregnancy and risk of HIV, hepatitis or other infectious diseases from shared needles

*Ecstasy (Molly, X, E)*

(<https://www.drugabuse.gov/drugs-abuse/mdma-ecstasy-molly>)

Short-term health effects:

- Lowered inhibition
- Confusion
- Depression, sleep problems, anxiety
- Increased heart rate and blood pressure, teeth clenching
- Nausea, faintness, chills or sweating
- Liver, kidney or heart failure leading to death

Long-term health effects:

- Long-lasting confusion, problems with attention, memory and sleep
- Anxiety, impulsiveness and aggression
- Loss of appetite
- Loss of interest in sex

There are many other abused drugs, and the University encourages any student, faculty or staff member that may have questions about the effects of these drugs to consult <https://www.drugabuse.gov/> or <https://www.dea.gov/factsheets>.



## Appendix G

### Alcohol and Other Drug (AOD) Resources/Services

#### Local Substance Abuse Treatment Centers

- Council on Addiction Recovery Services (CAREs) - <http://www.councilonaddiction.org/>
  - Provides outpatient and residential counseling, prevention, employee living-skills and family intervention training.
  - Olean Office - 716-373-4303
- Allegany Council on Alcoholism and Substance Abuse, Inc. – <https://www.nyconnects.ny.gov/providers/allegany-county-council-on-alcoholism-and-substance-abuse-inc-11653>
  - Provides personal and group therapy, co-dependency treatment, relapse prevention programming and family counseling.
  - Wellsville Office - 585-593-1920
  - Cuba Satellite - 716-968-1482
- Brylin Hospital – <https://www.brylin.com/>
  - Provides out-patient substance use disorder treatment and drug addiction care
  - Buffalo Office—Phone 716-633-1927

#### Local Self-Help Organizations

- Local Alcoholics Anonymous Meetings  
For information about open and closed Alcoholics Anonymous meetings in the area, call Alcoholics Anonymous at 716-372-4800, or go to <https://alcoholicsanonymous.com/aa-meeting/n-y-penn-intergroup/>
- Local Narcotics Anonymous Meetings  
For information about open and closed Narcotics Anonymous meetings in the area, go to <https://na.org/>

#### Telephone Hotlines

Alcohol Hotline.....	1-800-ALCOHOL
Drug Abuse Hotline .....	1-800-522-5353
Drug Help Line.....	1-800-662-HELP
Drug Treatment Information .....	1-800-522-4369
AIDS Hotline .....	1-800-541-2437
HIV Testing .....	1-800-962-5064
Sexually Transmitted Diseases.....	1-800-227-8922
Domestic Violence .....	1-800-942-6906
* 24-Hour Crisis Hotline (Olean General).....1-800-339-5209	

## **Prevention, Intervention, Recovery and Wellness Websites**

### **Council on Addiction Recovery Services**

<http://www.councilonaddiction.org/>

### **Phoenix House**

<https://www.phoenixhouse.org/>

### **National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA)**

<https://www.niaaa.nih.gov/>

### **National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA)**

<https://www.drugabuse.gov/>

### **US Department of Health and Human Services and SAMHSA's National Clearinghouse for Alcohol and Drug Information**

<http://www.samhsa.gov/>

### **NY Quits (Free smoking cessation resources)**

<https://www.nysmokefree.com/>

### **SMART Recovery**

<http://www.smartrecovery.org/>

## Appendix H

### Laws and Penalties Relating to Alcohol and Controlled Substances

In addition to the University standards and sanction on alcohol and other drug abuse included in this document, all members of the campus community are also required to abide by state and federal laws governing consumption, sale and possession of alcohol and other drugs. While not complete, a summary of offenses and penalties is provided below:

#### New York State Law

The following is a list of several NYS laws regarding alcohol and other drugs, and possible consequences for violating such laws:

*The following can be found under the NYS Vehicle and Traffic Laws:*

**ARTICLE 31 § 1192** (<http://ypdcrime.com/vt/article31.htm> )

The following are classifications for operating a motor vehicle after consuming alcohol or other illicit drugs and, in some instances, the penalties they carry:

**Operating a motor vehicle after having consumed alcohol under the age of 21** – BAC .02-.07

**Driving While Intoxicated (DWI)** = BAC of .08 or above; misdemeanor punishable by fine of \$500-\$1000 and/or imprisonment up to 1 yr.

**Aggravated Driving While Intoxicated, a) per se.** = BAC of .18 or above; **b) with a child** = any of these violations occurring with a child 15 years or less as passenger; - misdemeanor punishable by fine of \$1000-\$2500 and/imprisonment up to 1 yr. or

**Driving While Ability Impaired (DWAi)** = traffic violation punishable by fine of \$300-\$500 and/or imprisonment up to 15 days.

**Driving While Ability Impaired by Drugs** = misdemeanor punishable by fine of \$500-\$1000 and/or imprisonment up to 1 yr.

**Driving While Ability Impaired by the Combined Influence of Drugs or of Alcohol and Any Drug or Drugs** = misdemeanor punishable by fine of \$500 - \$1000 and/or imprisonment up to 1 yr.

\*The above are for first offenses only. Subsequent offenses carry greater penalties, and are sometimes considered felonies.

\* In addition to fines and imprisonment, the court shall sentence such a person convicted of or adjudicated a youthful offender for a violation of the above to a term of probation or conditional discharge, as a condition of which it shall order such person to install and maintain an ignition interlock device on any vehicle owned or operated by such person during the term of such probation or conditional discharge.

*The following can be found under the NYS Consolidated Laws – Alcoholic Beverage Control Law*

**§ 65-b – Offense for anyone under the age of 21 years to purchase or attempt to purchase an alcoholic beverage through fraudulent means** = no person under the age of 21 years shall present or offer to anyone any written evidence of age which is false, fraudulent, or not actually his own for the purpose of purchasing or attempting to purchase any alcoholic beverage. This is considered a violation, punishable with a fine of \$100 and/or up to 30 hours of community service (for first time offense) and/or alcohol awareness program.

**§ 65-c – Unlawful possession of an alcoholic beverage with the intent to consume by persons under the age of 21** = \$50 fine and/or completion of alcohol awareness program (first time offense).

The following can be found under the NYS Consolidated Laws – Public Health Law  
([http://ypdcrime.com/penal.law/public\\_health\\_article33.htm](http://ypdcrime.com/penal.law/public_health_article33.htm))

**Article 33 § 3304 – Prohibited Acts (Controlled Substances)** – It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell, prescribe, distribute, dispense, administer, possess, have under his control, abandon, or transport a controlled substance. Violations of these laws range in severity from misdemeanors to felonies, punishable by wide range of fines and imprisonment periods.

*New York State Sanctions for Possession and Sale of Controlled Substances*

“Controlled substance” means any substance listed in schedule I, II, III, IV or V of section thirty-three hundred six of the public health law other than marijuana, but including concentrated cannabis as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision four of section 3302 of such law. This includes, but is not limited to: methamphetamine, heroin, cocaine, PCP, LSD, Fentanyl, and Fentanyl analogue. Sanctions for violations can include imprisonment, fines, assigned community service and loss of federal student financial aid eligibility.

NY Penal Law, Article 222 relates to Marijuana/Cannabis and can be found at: [NY Penal Law Article 222](#)

#### Federal Law

Possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs is prohibited by federal law. Section 484(r) of the Higher Education Act of 1998 (20 U.S.C. §1091) provides that a student’s eligibility for federal student aid be suspended upon conviction under federal or state law for any offense involving the possession or sale of a controlled substance (other than alcohol or tobacco) for as much as one year to an indefinite period of time. Eligibility may be regained upon completion of a drug rehabilitation program that meets statutory and regulatory requirements or if the conviction is overturned.

Other federal penalties are indicated below. Source: [https://www.dea.gov/sites/default/files/2020-04/Drugs%20of%20Abuse%202020-Web%20Version-508%20compliant-4-24-20\\_0.pdf](https://www.dea.gov/sites/default/files/2020-04/Drugs%20of%20Abuse%202020-Web%20Version-508%20compliant-4-24-20_0.pdf)